

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

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NUMBER 208.

FRICK SHOT DOWN.

An Attempt on the Life of the Carnegie Company's President.

THREE SHOTS ARE FIRED.

Two of Them Take Effect, but Unless Blood Poisoning Sets in Mr. Frick Will Recover—Details of the Event of the Shooting.

PITTSBURG, July 25.—An attempt was made Saturday by a Russian nihilist to assassinate Henry C. Frick, the chairman of the Carnegie Steel company. The man succeeded in shooting him twice. The third time he shot his hand was thrown up, and the bullet lodged in the ceiling. He then drew a knife and stabbed the chairman in the back. The fellow had been calling at Mr. Frick's office off and on for a week or more. At 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon he called at the office and sent in a card, on which was written, "Mr. Bergman, Manager of the New York Employment Agency." Mr. Frick was busy.

The man came back at five minutes before 2 o'clock, and handed his card over again. He said: "Take that at once. I am in a great hurry." "I think he's waiting to see you," said the boy as he took the card. Mr. Frick's private office is in the front of the building facing the street. It is about twenty-five feet long and fourteen feet wide. Next to it to the left, and also facing the street, is the office of Vice Chairman Leishman. The office into which all visitors enter is about as long as the chairman's office and nearly as wide as the two front offices. It is divided in the center by a wooden railing.

Behind the railing, high desks, where bookkeepers work. There is a light swinging gate on the railing, and it is never locked. The entrance to Mr. Frick's office is a swinging door, which is about two feet to the left and twelve feet in front of the gate. Mr. Frick's desk is a long, flat oak affair, and is directly in the center of his room. Back of it, against the wall, is a leather-covered sofa. There are two or three oak chairs between the desk and window, but the space between the desk and the door is unoccupied.

When this man called the last time Mr. Frick was in his room sitting in front of the desk, and sideways to the door. On the opposite side of the table Vice Chairman Leishman sat. He was looking out of the window, and was talking. Mr. Frick's left elbow rested on the desk, one leg was thrown over the arm of his chair and his face was turned partly away from the door. The boy, when he took the card, started at once for the private office. He had just placed his hand on the swinging door and was pushing it open when the young man pushed open the swinging gate and stepped inside the rail. One of the clerks said sharply, "Wait."

The man paid no attention. In two strides he reached the door to the private office and caught it just as it was swung back, being let go by the boy on the inside. He pushed it in. The boy was just coming out to tell him to wait a moment until the chairman was disengaged. He pushed the boy aside. He took a step toward the desk, and suddenly drew a revolver at the moment Mr. Frick looked around. Instantly the man pulled the trigger.

There was a sharp report. Mr. Frick started back, and a stream of blood gushed from his neck. The man took a step forward, and fired again. Again Mr. Frick started back, and for a moment he appeared about to swoon. At the first shot Mr. Leishman leaped to his feet. He was bewildered. His eyes bulged. At the second shot he roused himself. He bounded around the desk.

The man was in the act of pulling the trigger the third time when the little vice chairman came within reaching distance. He threw up his arm and caught the man's wrist and swung it up and back. The bullet crashed up into the ceiling back of the man's head. Mr. Leishman held the arm with the pistol with one hand, while he seized the man by the throat with the other. Then began the struggle. At the second shot blood had spurted from the other side of Mr. Frick's neck and it was running down over his clothing. He recovered from the shock of his two wounds at the third shot and got on his feet and finally threw himself on the struggling men. Round and round the trio wrestled, getting nearer to the front windows all the time.

Though slight in figure the assailant seemed possessed of herculean strength. Twice he nearly wrenched himself loose. He was trying hard to free the hand in which he held the pistol. Once he succeeded and snapped the trigger. The pistol missed fire. Leishman seized the hand again and held it. Mr. Frick had grasped the man about the waist, pinning the other hand. Now they all three appeared about to fall. They swayed back and forth. Not a word was uttered by either. Mr. Frick was becoming weak. His blood was staining his assailant's clothing, again the man wrenched himself loose. His left hand was freed, and he plunged it into his back pocket. At just this moment Leishman, by a mighty effort, wrenched further back the hand holding the pistol, and succeeded in tripping the fellow. Down on the floor he went in a heap.

All this had taken not two minutes. The clerks outside had just recovered from the shock that the three pistol shots had given them. They rushed in pell mell in time to see the fall, and there they stood stupefied. As he fell he was successful in drawing a stiletto from his pocket with his free left hand. Mr. Frick and Leishman were on their feet bending over him. The stiletto flashed through the air and was driven with force into the back of Mr. Frick. Then the wounded man succeeded in grasping the hand that held it, and

throwing his whole weight on it, pinioned the arm to the floor. Leishman held the other hand. The man was helpless.

Then it was that the clerks recovered their self-possession, and ran to the aid of their two employers. Deputy Sheriff May was at their head. He had been up to see Secretary Lovejoy, and had been sent down stairs to get a pass to go to Homestead. He got to the door of the private office just in time to see the stabbing. He drew his revolver as he ran forward, and was about to shoot. "Don't shoot; don't kill him," pleaded Mr. Frick. "Don't shoot; don't shoot; the law will punish him." One of the other men seized the deputy sheriff's revolver and held it. Two others got the pistol and the stiletto. The three shots that had been fired had been heard all over the house and out on the street, and a part of the struggle itself had been seen by persons in the street.

Within a minute or two after the man was cornered no less than 200 men crowded into the room. There were two policemen with them. They had heard the shooting. They relieved Mr. Frick and Mr. Leishman, and took the prisoner in hand. No sooner had they got him than there were cries of "shoot him," "lynch him" and the like. A big German, a carpenter, who had been working in the hall, rushed in with a hammer and aimed a blow at the man's head. It missed and struck him in the back instead. The carpenter was restrained before he could strike again. The prisoner was led down the stairs and up the street to the corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street, where there is a patrol box.

The crowd of 200 swelled to 2,000. The shouts of "lynch him!" were louder. But the mob had no leader to make the first move. The policemen were surrounded. It looked for a time as if something might happen. The call sent out for the patrol wagon was a hurry one. The wagon was there within five minutes. In that time Fifth avenue for blocks had become choked with men and women. The cries became one continued howl. There were three policemen on the patrol wagon. They succeeded in forcing an opening in the crowd where the policemen were standing with their prisoner, and the five escorted him in safety to the wagon.

A moment later a force of reserves arrived and began the work of clearing the street. The crowd surged back toward the Carnegie Steel company's office, and it was all that the reserves could do to dislodge them, so tight were they packed. It was all the people could do to dislodge themselves. When the policemen were taking the prisoner away the men in Mr. Frick's office for a moment forgot the wounded man. He stood up, and with his hand on the desk for fully a minute. He attracted attention to himself when he said, with a forced smile, "Well, I believe I feel like fainting."

Fifty hands were held out to support him, and he was gently lifted and placed on the lounge. His clothing was torn from him. In the meantime two of the clerks sent out hurry calls for doctors and three came. They said, on the first examination, that there was little hope of his recovery, but they went to work probing for the bullets. They found one, the first that was found, had passed in at the right of the neck and across, just below the skin. It was imbedded in the muscles about the left shoulder. The second they could not find for several hours, and then they found it in almost the same place in the left shoulder as the first had been in the right. The course had been the same, only it was from left to right. They said then that there was every probability that Mr. Frick would recover, and they made the following bulletin:

"Two shots entered the neck about the base of the skull, one on either side. One passed out between his shoulders and the other was removed from the opposite side of the neck. The third shot missed. There is no evidence that the stab wounds are deep or that they will prove dangerous. They are on the right side, one at border of the lower ribs, the other just below the hip bone. They have no evidence that any of the wounds will prove serious. His condition at present is perfectly satisfactory."

This bulletin was issued about 6 o'clock in the evening, more than four hours after the shooting had occurred. In the meantime the office had been cleared by the police of all persons except employees of the company, and no one not a personal friend of Mr. Frick or of one of the other officers of the company was permitted to go upstairs. The news of the shooting had spread like wildfire, and thousands of persons had tried all sorts of devices to get into the building, but the police were obdurate. They would not even permit representatives of the newspapers to go inside. It was reported from time to time during the afternoon that Mr. Frick was dead.

It was believed by every body who did not receive direct information from some one in the building that Mr. Frick was mortally wounded, until this bulletin was issued.

The patrol wagon in which the assailant of Mr. Frick was taken was followed to the Police Central station by nearly a thousand persons, all of them worked up to the greatest pitch of excitement, and many of them continually crying, "Lynch him," "Shoot him," "Kill him."

Before the police would take him out of the patrol wagon on the arrival at the station a second platoon of reserves was called out and cleared away this crowd. The prisoner on the way to the station had become fearfully frightened and was shaking like a leaf. His face was pale and he was so weak that he actually could not step down out of the wagon without assistance. He had to be helped into the station house. He could not answer the usual questions for several minutes.

Inspector McKelvey took him back into the cell department and gave him a drink of whisky to revive him. He was then locked up for a few minutes.

When he had recovered sufficiently to speak he was brought out, and the inspector questioned him as follows:

"What is your name?"

He responded: "Alexander Berkman."

"Age?"

"Twenty-six years."

"Where do you live?"

"Forty-second street, New York city."

"Occupation?"

"Compositor on a New York paper."

"What is the name of the paper upon which you are employed?"

"The New York"—Berkman started, but after thinking a moment positively refused to answer the question.

"How long have you been in Pittsburgh?" asked Inspector McKelvey.

"I came on Thursday, and have been staying at the Merchants' hotel, on Water street."

Before Inspector McKelvey issued an order to exclude all persons from the police station except the officials who were needed, Berkman was asked by a reporter: "Did you know Mr. Frick?" The prisoner replied: "We all know Frick." When asked to tell why he attempted the murder, Berkman responded: "That is a queer question to ask."

After this series of questions the prisoner was searched by McKelvey and Detective Sol Coulson. In his pockets were found thirteen 38-caliber cartridges, six cigarettes, a tin cigarette case and five cents in money. His fingers were yellow-stained with nicotine, showing him to be a cigarette fiend.

He had an old-fashioned silver watch which had stopped at just the time of the struggle in the office. After this search the man was taken back into a cell, and Police Surgeon Oldshue and Detective Coulson and Inspector McKelvey made him strip to the skin. The detective looked him over for any marks of identification, but he found none save a sore spot on the back. It looked like an old wound of some kind. The search was about over. While it had been going on the prisoner had held his head high, and had talked as though he had a pebble in his mouth. This was noticed until the examination was nearly over. The police surgeon said to him suddenly, "What have you got in your mouth?" The color came into the man's cheeks, and he answered "Nothing," making an attempt at the same time to conceal the muscles of his jaws.

The surgeon took a depressor from his pocket, and inserting it between the man's teeth he forced open his mouth, and investigated the interior with his fingers. On the left side he found a copper tube that looked like an ordinary blank cartridge. It was nearly an inch long, and was half filled with a brown-looking substance. Inspector McKelvey said at once: "That's a dynamite cartridge." Turning to the prisoner he asked him: "What were you going to do with that?"

"I don't know as that is any of your d-n business," was the reply in broken English. The man's clothing was carefully searched again, and another one of these cartridge-like tubes was found. Inspector McKelvey took them immediately to a gun store, and there learned that they were cups containing the very high explosive fulminate of mercury. The gunsmith said that they were commonly used by blasters to explode charges of dynamite and the concussion of one would have been sufficient to have blown the man's head to pieces had he succeeded in causing it to explode by the friction of his teeth.

It was exactly like this that Lingg, the Chicago anarchist, put into the end of a cigar and blew his head to pieces a day or so before he was to have been executed. The prisoner took the discovery of these cartridges in a pleasant enough way, and he was a trifle more communicative after they had been taken from him. In answer to a second question put by Inspector McKelvey as to why he had shot Mr. Frick, he said:

"You've got no business to ask me a question like that, but I don't mind telling you that I came here to shoot him because he is an enemy of all the people." In answer to another question, he said that he had been in the country six years, and that he had worked at his trade as a cigar maker in New York for three years. He would not say how long he had been in Pittsburgh, but he claimed to have been stopping at the Merchants' hotel, in Smithfield, for two days. The inspector gave him an entire new suit of clothes, and he was locked up in cell No. 4 and an officer detailed to sit by the cell and watch him.

McKelvey went to the hotel, and curiously enough the name of the clerk of that hotel is Bergman. He directed this man to the clerk, who, from the description, identified him as a man who had come into the hotel about 9 o'clock last evening, and after registering as Simon Rochman had gone straight to his room, leaving instructions to be called at 5 o'clock. He was called promptly at 5, but did not get up until after 6, when he left the hotel and was not seen there again. The clerk said he had not noticed anything particularly strange in the man's actions, and he had not acted at all in his presence like an insane man or even a crank.

To make sure that there was no mistake in the identification Clerk Bergman went with the inspector to the Central station and saw the prisoner behind the bars. "That's the man," he said; "there isn't any mistaking him." The Merchants' hotel used to be a first class hotel. Of late years, however, it has been degenerated, and it is not a place patronized by men with money. The police did not and do not believe that the man gave his right name.

AFTER FORTY-EIGHT HOURS.

Mr. Frick Still Lives and May Probably Recover.

PITTSBURG, July 25.—Henry C. Frick's splendid constitution is standing him in good stead. Very few men, say the doctors, could have survived for many hours the terrible injuries which he received at the hands of the Russian anarchist, to say nothing of the loss of blood and the shock to the nervous system. Yet he passed a good day yesterday, notwithstanding the fact that it was the most sweltering one of the season, and he is now reported as resting easy.

There were many callers at the family mansion every hour during the day but only a few close intimates were admitted owing to the desire of the family to be left alone in their affliction as much as possible. For the same reason the telephone was disconnected, and very little information was given out by those who had charge of the door. One or another of the surgeons was in constant attendance during the day and the injured man's wounds were frequently dressed. The medical men are gratified to find that so far there are no indications of inflammation or blood poisoning and the same conditions prevailed throughout the day.

At no time since the shooting has the wounded man lost consciousness from pain, and when not dozing he talks freely, and apparently with no effort, to those about him. The surgeons will not say that he is absolutely out of danger, as it will be several days before the crisis will be regarded as having been safely passed, but at the same time they are free to express the opinion that if the indications of the past twenty-four hours count for anything, he will not only pull through, but that in half the time usually accorded to such cases by medical jurisprudence.

There has been and is a good deal of talk and speculation regarding the possible effect of the tragedy upon the management and affairs of the Carnegie company, as well as upon the Homestead and kindred strikes. In this connection a gentleman who stands very close to the corporation and who knows whereof he speaks, from his long intimacy with Mr. Frick, said: "So long as Mr. Frick retains possession of his faculties there will be no necessity for a temporary chairman or even for the vice chairman to assume control. Mr. Frick on his back tomorrow will be the same Mr. Frick that sat in his revolving chair in his office Saturday morning. Every detail of every section of the gigantic interests under his care are at his fingers' ends and the corporation will be run from his sick chamber with the same promptitude and same unerring judgment, the same instantaneous grasp of the situation, the same autocracy that has always distinguished him."

"This was evidenced Saturday by his pluck in insisting that the surgeons should stop probing for the bullets in order that he might append his signature to important documents, as well as by his action in calling all his head men into the office and giving them instruction for Monday's work. As to the Homestead strike, I am confident that this affair will not change his policy one iota. He will go on in the path he has laid out, although it may be necessary to call in others, that under different circumstances he would have done himself."

The would-be murderer Alexander Berkman spent Saturday night in cell No. 4 of the Central station, and awakening bright and early asked for some breakfast, particularly requesting that it should include some eggs. A good meal was given him and after cleaning the plates he put on a clean, landried shirt, a stand-up collar and a light tie; then he lit a cigarette and for the rest of the day one of these vile concoctions was not out of his mouth more than a few moments at a time.

One of his first questions to the guard was concerning the condition of Mr. Frick; and when told that he was doing very well, shrugged his shoulders and said that he had nothing to say. Presently he asked what the people, laying stress upon the point that he did not mean newspapers, thought of the affair. On being told that it was the general opinion that he had no ground for his action, he replied energetically: "All the people will soon think as I do. They say I am against the law, but I say that man was against the law. He was against the people, and when he is against the people he is against the state, and therefore against the law."

He refused to say whether he was an anarchist, or having known Herr Most, and laughed heartily when asked if he had lived on Forty-second street in New York. "Why I am not rich enough to live there," he said. "All rich people, the big men live there. I do not belong to them."

He went on to say that he had worked on a Russian as well as some German papers in New York, but would not give their names although he recited off the names of the proprietors and editors of The Staats Zeitung. He said that he left New York Thursday morning over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

When asked if he came with the express intention of killing Mr. Frick he replied: "Well, I say that Frick has killed many men, and he has to suffer for it."

Berkman expressed surprise when told that he could not be tried before September, saying that he would like an earlier trial and asked if he would be allowed to defend himself. He was told that he could, that he could speak all day if he wished, to which he replied: "I believe I could get through in a day, but my English would give out in a long speech, and I would want an interpreter."

The prisoner was more cool and collected than on Saturday, and did not look so much like a maniac as at the time of his arrest. There was apparently no gleam of insanity in his eye, but he insisted on wearing glasses, and these, in a measure, helped to change his appearance.

His appearance is not very prepossessing. The most remarkable part of his facial character is his mouth. It is certainly foreboding. His lower lip and his upper lip are double, remarkably so even in the eyes of detectives who have had time to study these characteristics. He has a short growth of beard, has large ears and his forehead is narrow. No date has yet been fixed for his preliminary hearing. A photograph of Mr. Frick's private office, showing the position of the furniture and the blood stains on the carpet, was taken this

morning for the use of the prosecution.

Neither O'Donnell or Ross had any visitors in county jail yesterday. The general expectation is that Judge McGee's decision today will be favorable to the release of both men on bail.

Frick's Last Notice.

PITTSBURG, June 25.—The following notice was posted by the Carnegie Steel company this morning:

To All Men Who Enter Our Employ July 25, 1892:

In no case and under no circumstances will a single one of you be discharged to make room for another man. You will keep your respective positions so long as you attend to your duties. Positive orders to this effect have been given to the general superintendent.

By Order of the Board of Managers of the Carnegie Steel Company, Limited.

H. C. FRICK,
Chairman, Homestead Steel Works,
July 25, 1892.

Affairs at Homestead.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 25.—According to members of the advisory committee employees of the Pennsylvania Railroad company will probably notify the company within forty-eight hours of their intention to refuse to assist in any way the transportation of the product of the Carnegie steel works while they are operated by non-union labor.

A delegation of locomotive engineers, brakemen, freight handlers and other employees of the Pennsylvania company from Pittsburgh had conference yesterday with the advisory committee on the subject of declaring a boycott on the Carnegie product, and while no decision was reached, the advisory committee asserts that such a course as that stated will probably be taken.

Arbitration Proposed.

Arbitration, a word not often heard of late in Homestead, was yesterday brought once more to the front as a result of the attempt on the life of Mr. Frick. The proposal for arbitration at this juncture comes, not from the Carnegie officials, but from an outside source. Rev. Father Bullion, pastor of the principal Roman Catholic church here, urged the matter earnestly from his pulpit yesterday, and unhesitatingly declared it the only safe and honorable escape for both parties from the calamitous situation confronting them. He condemned the taking of human life for violence of any sort as a method in settling labor difficulties.

In his judgment such regrettable occurrences as the endeavor to slay Mr. Frick could only have the consequence to create increased bitter feelings. The clergyman laid great stress on the pleasure all good citizens must feel at the fact that there is no connection between the Homestead men and the misguided individual imprisoned at Pittsburgh, and that they had no sympathy with his principles. He begged them to continue in the same spirit and to be ready when a way for arbitration could be found, as he believed it must be found. The speaker was closely listened to by the congregation, a large number of whom are among the locked-out men.

At the other churches in Homestead the subject of the tragical events in Pittsburgh or the strike here were carefully avoided.

The day among the strikers and in Camp Black was perhaps the quietest since the labor trouble began here. It was very hot and the crowds of excursionists from outside points were greatly diminished, as compared with last Saturday. Rain last night helped to keep the people off the streets and far more interest was manifested regarding the latest advices as to Mr. Frick's condition than in the local situation.

The Frick sensation threw into the back ground all discussion regarding possibilities of trouble when Hugh O'Donnell returns to Homestead. Not much apprehension as to the latter contingency exists.

SEVERE PUNISHMENT.

Brutal Treatment to One of the Soldiers at Homestead.

PITTSBURG, July 25.—For proposing three cheers for the fellow who shot H. C. Frick, Private W. L. Iams, of Company K, Tenth regiment, of Waynesburg, was subjected to the most humiliating punishment. When the news reached Camp Rowley, on Saturday, that Mr. Frick had been shot, Private Iams gave vent to his feelings in this peculiar way and was overheard by Lieutenant Colonel Streater, who is commanding the Tenth.

Colonel Streater ordered the entire regiment to be drawn up in line, and then he directed the man who had proposed the cheers for Berkman to advance to the front. After a little delay Iams stepped forward. When asked why he had been guilty of such a thing, he assumed an air of bravado and refused to answer. He was asked to apologize, but refused to do so. He was then sent to the guard house and his case was reported to Major General Snowden, who ordered a court martial.

The regimental officers held the hearing in the matter Saturday, and as Iams admitted his guilt and refused to apologize, the court martial ordered that half the hair of his head and moustache be shaved off; that he be strung up by the thumbs for thirty minutes, be stripped of his uniform, dishonorably discharged and drummed out of camp. After having his head and moustache shaved as directed, Iams was hanged up by the thumbs. For twenty minutes he endured this torture and then lost consciousness.

Two surgeons ordered that he be cut down at once or he would soon be dead. He was cut down, and after the doctors revived him he was stripped of his uniform and given an old pair of overalls to wear. With only these and a shirt and an old hat he was led out of the camp to Swissvale station to the time of the "rogues march." The entire provisional brigade witnessed the humiliating spectacle.

Iams is twenty-four years old and is a

Continued on Fourth Page.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
 Proprietors.
 TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS:
 One Year.....\$3 00 Three Months..... 75
 Six Months..... 1 50 One Month..... 25
 DELIVERED BY CARRIER:
 Per Week.....6 cents
 MONDAY, JULY 25, 1892.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GROVER CLEVELAND,
 Of New York.
 —
 FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
ADLAI E. STEVENSON,
 Of Illinois.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Fair; continued warm, southerly winds.

MURAT HALSTEAD is not pleased with Mr. Cleveland's speech at the grand ratification meeting the other night. This should not surprise anyone. This crank, M. H., is the same individual who has abused and vilified most of the great men of his own party.

For twenty years Adlai E. Stevenson has been President of a coal company and has never had a strike. "What a contrast," says the Indianapolis Sentinel, "to the case of the Republican candidate for Vice President, who for sixteen years has had his old union employees locked out."

THE Frankfort Capital very pertinently remarks that "the people want no bayonets at the polls; no Pinkertons at their workshops and forges; no robber barons in entrenched castles, and no thieving tariffs to eat up their substance. They have an opportunity to rid themselves of all these in November."

COLONEL W. A. TAYLOR, Democratic nominee for Secretary of State in Ohio, challenged S. M. Taylor, the Republican nominee, for twenty joint discussions during the campaign. Was the challenge accepted? Not much. The Republican Taylor finds it "not convenient or agreeable." He has heard from the Democratic Taylor, and doesn't care to meet him.

ELSEWHERE will be found some more instructions to officers of election and voters under the new law. This completes the article on this subject sent out by the Secretary of State. It will be over three months before an election is held under this law, and there will be no excuse for any one not being able to put in his vote right. There is ample time to familiarize yourself with the new law.

REPUBLICAN papers have teemed with notices of Lord Salisbury's indorsement of the principles of the McKinley bill. The people of England have just had an election and the apostle of protection is laid on the shelf and that old free trader, Gladstone, the friend of the oppressed, everywhere, will be their leader until further notice. By the way, the people of England seem "to know a good thing when they see it." They haven't had a high tariff over there for these many years and they don't seem to want any of it in theirs.

HARPER'S Weekly, the leading independent paper of the country and one of the best, has this complimentary notice of Honest Grover Cleveland, Democratic nominee for President: "At no point that we can see is he a weaker candidate, but everywhere is he stronger than in 1884 and 1888. He has a certain rugged honesty and plainness of character and speech which give him a popularity not shared by any other public man. The Republican papers ridicule his friends as idolaters. But the feeling at which they sneer is produced by a frank integrity which justifies and invites entire confidence. He seems to us to enter upon the campaign with greater personal popularity, and with a much wider knowledge and approval of the issues that he represents than ever before."

THE N. & G. Taylor Company, doing business at Philadelphia we believe, have been doing a great deal of talking about "American tin-plate," and when Republican papers quote any firm on this subject, they quote from the N. & G. Taylor Company. On the 14th of April a firm at Jackson Tenn., ordered one box of "American tin-plate" from the Philadelphia concern. When the bill was rendered on April 18th the item of American tin-plate was omitted, clearly showing that, notwithstanding its voluminous circular about its vast stores of native tin-plate, the N. & G. Taylor Company could not fill the order. On July 6th the order was still unfilled. These facts were published and in reply to the publication the company did not deny their truth but prophesied as to their future output when they got "their works under way." And yet this company has sent the impression abroad that their works have been "under way" for these many months.

GARFIELD ON PROTECTION.

I hold that a properly adjusted competition between home and foreign products is the best gauge by which to regulate international trade. Duties should be so high that our manufacturers can fairly compete with the foreign product, but not so high as to enable them to drive out the foreign article, enjoy a monopoly of the trade and regulate the prices as they please. This is my doctrine of protection. If Congress pursues this line of policy steadily we shall year by year approach more nearly to the basis of free trade, because we shall be more nearly able to compete with other nations on equal terms. I am for protection which leads to ultimate free trade. —James A. Garfield in 1870.

If Garfield were living to-day, he would most likely be found in the Democratic party. The tariff plank recently adopted by the Republican party at Minneapolis is almost directly antagonistic to his views as expressed above. The "Chinese wall" tariff monopolists who have their grip on the G. O. P. would no doubt long since have driven him out of the party as they have driven hundreds of others.

Only Excursion to High Bridge.

The L. and N. will run an excursion from Maysville to High Bridge camp meeting Sunday, July 31, at the following rates, which includes admission to the grounds: Maysville, \$2.25; Marshall, \$2.15; Helena, \$2.05; Johnson, \$2; Newport, \$2; Ewing, \$2. Train will leave Maysville at 6 a. m., arriving at grounds at 10 a. m. The entire train will run through to High Bridge without change. Grand sacred concert, consisting of solos and choruses by a choir of two hundred trained voices, under the direction of Professor F. L. Bristow, assisted by the pianist, Miss Emma Fleming, and the boyconnetist, Master Frank Walker. Rev. Sam Jones, of Georgia, will conduct the services.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California liquid laxative Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, make it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package.

COUNTY CULLINGS.

Items Picked Up By the Bulletin's Correspondents in Mason and Elsewhere

MAYS LICK.

We are having red-hot weather. Wheat threshing is progressing slowly. Too much rain.

Miss Jennie Evans is visiting her brother in Flemingsburg.

Wm. Hukill, of Paris, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Dr. M. H. Davis. The mother of Dr. Davis of Lewis County is here also visiting him.

J. A. Jackson is making a special drive in low prices, on a large stock of ladies', men's and children's shoes, to close. Call and see him.

Jos. H. Brown has cut and put up in good order over twenty tons of nice hay. He had a Whiteley mower and says it beats them all. That is the way they all talk when they give them a trial.

The heaviest rain of the season fell Wednesday night last week. Ben Johnson living about three miles south of this place says it was the heaviest rain he has seen for thirty years, but two miles below this place there was not enough rain to stop the threshing.

We took a trip last week through a portion of Fleming, Nicholas, Bourbon and Harrison counties. Our first stopping point was Shawhan, and while there they got up a big fishing party. I being invited to join them. Mr. Eels, a coal and wheat merchant of that place, furnished me with a turnout and a driver and off we started for Licking river. We caught some seventy-five pounds of nice fish—bass, new lights and cats. From Shawhan, we went to Paris and from there to Cane Ridge, where we spent a few days pleasantly, roaming over the blue grass. On our way home on the train Monday night we met one of our former blue-eyed town girls. It had been twenty years since we saw her. She was Miss Laura Browning then, but now Mrs. Ben Carr. They live in Lexington.

BLUE LICK SPRINGS.

The coaching party of Covingtonians and Frankforters who had been taking in the Mammoth Cave and other points in Southern Kentucky arrived at the Springs Friday evening, and will rest up here for a week. It consists of Dr. Charles Kearns, Hugh MacDonald, Jr., Charles Kearns, Jr., Miss Stephens, Mrs. Rebecca Worthington, Miss Laura Kearns, Miss Margie Dudley, Miss Mary T. Dudley.

The hop Friday evening was much enjoyed, and was participated in by a number of the leading society people of this and adjoining counties and States. A pleasant driving party came up from Shannon, consisting of Miss Olivette Bland and her guests, Miss Vinnie Dixon, Ripley; Miss Edith Conwell, Aurora, Ind.; Miss Adda Marshall, Dayton, O., with J. W. Poindexter, T. W. Frazer and W. H. Bland escorts. T. A. Vimont, Millersburg; J. B. Gatewood, Mt. Sterling; W. A. Browning, Shannon; J. L. Pyles, Sardis, late arrivals.

The "Pavilion" is doing a lively "trade," to use a mercantile phrase, and the hotel register shows the following guests: Henry Glover, wife and son, Louisville; Miss McGrew, Columbus, O.; Russell Colegrave, Washington, D. C.; John W. McGee and sister, Miss Ella McGee, Louisville; M. A. Bowden, Atlanta, Ga.; H. D. Frisbie and son, Raymond, Cincinnati; Mrs. M. O. Berry and Mrs. L. B. Stewart, Cincinnati; Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Ishmael, C. A. Sullivan, Miss Laura Ecton, Winchester; S. Geisreiter and wife, Pine Bluff, Ark.; Miss Lizzie LaRue, Shawhan, Ky.; Miss Lida Clarke, of Bourbon, with Hugh Rodman, Frankfort; Hugo Green, Cincinnati; Miss Julia Myall, Miss Tillie Rees, Miss Bertie Caldwell, Mayslick; Miss Lillian Finley, Birmingham, Ala.; Lexington Wheel Club; Mrs. Hickox, Cincinnati; Mrs. Laura Thomas, Carlisle; Bishop Clay, J. D. Hamilton, Lexington; R. D. Bailey, Louisville. Expected guests: Dr. Frazer and daughter, Mrs. Alfred Howe, Judge P. B. Muir, Harry Weisinger, Dr. Richardson and family, Louisville; Ed. Browning and family and Mrs. Lucy Keith, Maysville.

A Letter's Long Wandering.

On July 23, 1885, a gentleman of this city mailed a letter addressed to "Hon. A. M. Swope, American legation, Rome, Italy," with the request that if not called for in five days it should be returned. The long absent missive has been received by the writer after having been in the mails six years and ten months. The envelope bears the first postmark, "Louisville, July 23, 1885, 9 a. m.," and the time of its return, "May 14, 1892, 6 p. m." The reverse side of the envelope is covered with marks, among them Rome and New York, each giving the date on which the letter was handled in those cities.

Mr. Swope, who at the time was on a tour around the world, was the well known Kentucky Republican leader. He killed several years ago in an altercation at Lexington, by William Cassius Goodloe.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Remarkable Restitution.

An Albany dispatch says: "In July, 1888, the bunko artist, John Price, now serving a nineteen year sentence at Dannemora, slipped up behind P. K. Dedrick just as he left his carriage on the front of the Farmers and Mechanics' bank and extracted from the seat a package containing \$35,000 in negotiable bonds. A few days ago the bonds were received by ex-District Attorney Hugh Reilly. The package was intact, and the accumulated interest makes them worth about \$43,000. There is no clew to whence they came, except that they were sent from New York city. The mystery lies in the fact that they were returned at all, as they were negotiable."

A Lunatic's Pension.

The pension recently awarded to Charles Glengold, of Wawarsing, N. Y., is one of the largest ever given to a private soldier. Unfortunately, the recipient is and has been for years a lunatic. He and his father were in the same company, and during a battle the father was shot down. This so affected the son as to cause mental disorder. He has been granted back pay to the amount of \$10,770.40 and a pension of seventy-two dollars per month.—Yankee Blade.

A Clock That Has a History.

A clock which hung in the chamber of Jefferson Davis while he was president of the Confederacy, but which was taken from the executive mansion on the day of the evacuation by a Union soldier and traded to a Richmond man for liquor, has been purchased by a gentleman and sent to the World's fair.

Twenty years ago a party of Mormons made numerous proselytes in the upper Androscoggin valley, and last week an emissary of the Church of Latter Day Saints baptized four converts at Dixfield Centre, in the same region.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

East.	West.
No. 2.....9:30 a. m.	No. 1.....6:20 a. m.
No. 20.....7:40 p. m.	No. 19.....5:40 a. m.
No. 18.....4:45 p. m.	No. 17.....10:15 a. m.
No. 4.....8:00 p. m.	No. 3.....4:25 p. m.
Nos. 19 and 20 are the Maysville accommodation, and Nos. 17 and 18 the Huntington accommodation. Nos. 1 and 2 are the fast express and Nos. 3 and 4 the F. V. V.	
No. 4 (F. V. V.) is a solid train with through dining car and Pullman sleepers to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Through Pullman sleeper to Richmond, Va., and Old Point Comfort. No. 2 is a solid train with Pullman Sleeper to Washington, making all eastern and south-eastern connections.	
The accommodation trains are daily except Sunday; the rest are daily.	
Direct connection at Cincinnati for points West and South.	
Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.	

MAYSVILLE DIVISION KENTUCKY CENTRAL.

Southbound.	Northbound.
Leave Maysville at 5:30 a. m. for Paris, Lexington, Cincinnati, Richmond, Stanford, Livingston, Jellico, Middleborough, Cumberland Gap, Frankfort, Louisville and points on N. N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.	Leave Maysville at 1:45 p. m. for Paris, Cincinnati, Lexington, Winchester, Richmond and points on N. N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.
Arrive at Maysville at 10:00 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.	Arrive at Maysville at 10:00 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.
Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.	

Postoffice Drug Store.

A Complete Line of everything usually kept in a first-class Pharmacy. Just received a large shipment of SPONGES, CHAMOIS AND SOAPS.

Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours. We assure you the very best of treatment.

Power & Reynolds.

DR. MORRIS H. PHISTER, HOMOEOPATHIST.

Makes a specialty of Chronic Diseases of every character, prominent among which are Nasal Catarrh, Throat and Lung Diseases. Professional calls promptly answered. Office: Corner Sutton and Third streets.

CLEARANCE SALE!

WE BEGIN, TO-DAY, OUR ANNUAL CLOSING SALE OF

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

At 15c. per yard we offer twenty-five pieces of Challies, Crepe Cloths, French Satteens, &c., that sold at 20 and 25c.; at 10c., thirty-six-inch Challies, former price 15c. Ten pieces Plaid White Goods at 7 1-2c., reduced from 12 1-2c. Twenty-five dozen Huck Towels, thirty inches long, at 5c. Ladies' Shirt Waists in Black Satteen, with white polka dots, at \$1.00, reduced from \$1.25. Light Satteen and Cheviot Waists reduced from \$1 to 75c. Boys' Shirt Waists at 25 and 50c. All Silk Mitts at 25c., reduced from 35c. India and China Silks, beautiful styles and shades, reduced from \$1.00 to 75c. per yard. Do not fail to look at our Remnant Table. It will pay you.

BROWNING & CO.

51 WEST SECOND STREET.

THE BEE HIVE.

500 GLORIA UMBRELLAS.

Size, twenty-six inches, with very pretty handles, only 89c. each, regular price \$1.25. Another big lot at \$1 each, fully worth \$1.50. Twenty-five dozen of our 35c. Stitched Back Mitts, all silk, at 20c. a pair.

EXTRAORDINARY CORSET BARGAIN:

We bought cheap a very large lot of a popular dollar Corset, and will offer them at 65c. each. This bargain has never been equaled.

PALM LEAF FANS! CENT EACH.

Mosquito Bar, two yards wide, 5c. per yard; fine Checked Nainsook, 5c. per yard; good Outing Cloth Shirts, 25c. each; Ladies' Leather Belts, 10c. each; Black and White Satines, yard-wide, 7 1-2c. See our genuine British Socks, Seamless, only 12 1-2c. per pair; Ladies' Ribbed Vests at 8 1-3c. each; elegant Scrim, forty inches wide, at 5c. per yard.

ROSENAU BROS.

Proprietors Bee Hive.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

...: HILL & CO., ...:

THE LEADERS OF FANCY GROCERIES IN MAYSVILLE.

THIRD AND LIMESTONE.

WHISKEY and Opium Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104 1/2 Whitehall St.

To Keep Business

Alive during the dull season, and to reduce our stock, which we are determined to close out wholly and entirely between this and January 1st, 1893,

WE HAVE REDUCED PRICES ON ALL LINES.

You can buy any Framed or Unframed PICTURE in our house for COST. No monkey business; we mean absolutely cost. A reduction of 25 per cent. on all Framed Work for the next thirty days. We mention these two as indications of what we will do in all lines. Be convinced by coming to see.

KACKLEY & McDOUGLE

WEST SECOND ST.

Here's What You Want:

Latest Novelties for Ladies' Waists from 15c. up. See our Llama Cloths, 15c., worth 25c. China Silks, (see display) 40c., worth 60c.; 50c., worth 75; 65c., worth 85; 75c., worth \$1.00. Best 25c. Hose on earth. Remnants of everything at half price.

HOEFELICH BROS.,

211 AND 213 MARKET.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

NILAND PROPERTY, FLUGTOWN. TWO HOUSES OF MRS. GREENWOOD, FIRST WARD. HOME OF N. S. WOOD, FOREST AVENUE. JANUARY PROPERTY, SECOND STREET, AS A WHOLE OR SEPARATELY. BROWN PROPERTY, FIFTH STREET, FOURTH WARD.

A. M. CAMPBELL,

Real Estate Agent.

Miss Lida Berry,

TEACHER PIANO,

Will resume her class the FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER. For terms apply at her home, No. 215 West Second street.

THE ELECTION LAW.

The Secretary of State Gives Some Instructions Regarding It.

Important Provisions to Be Observed By Officers and Voters As Well.

In cities of the first, second, third and fourth classes a registration of all qualified voters in such cities and towns shall be held on the first Tuesday in October, and on such other days as the city councils of such cities may prescribe, the last, however, to be not later than the third Tuesday in October. The General Assembly will doubtless pass the necessary legislation dividing the cities and towns of the State into their respective classes in time for a registration of voters in October, 1892. It shall be the duty of the County Clerk of each county where a city of such class is situated to furnish registration books, and the election officers for the precincts embraced in such cities shall hold such registration, and the persons so registered as prescribed shall be the legal voters for such cities.

The polls must be opened at 7 o'clock a. m., and closed at 4 o'clock p. m. Election officers should be promptly on hand to open the polls at the first-named hour. If any of the officers appointed fail to attend, or refuse to act, the other officers shall choose some suitable person to act in his stead. Before receiving the ballot of any voter, the officers of election shall cause to be proclaimed that such election is opened.

No person but the election officers shall remain within fifty feet of the polls except when voting: provided, however, that each political party may have one challenger, duly sworn, to remain in the room, to be selected as provided in article 3, section 25.

When a voter presents himself the clerk shall write upon the main stub the name and residence of such voter. He shall also write the voter's name (and registered number in towns where registration is required) upon the secondary stub. He shall then detach the ticket from the main stub, leaving the secondary stub attached to the ticket, and shall write his own name on the back thereof and deliver said ticket to the voter. He shall, also, when requested, given explanation of the manner of voting.

When the voter shall have prepared his ballot and folded it as prescribed in article 3, section 27, he shall deliver same to one of the judges, who shall, after detaching the secondary stub, drop the ballot into the ballot-box.

Election officers shall preserve all the secondary stubs until the close of the polls, and shall then destroy them before the ballot-box is opened.

Election officers must see that all ballots delivered to voters shall be returned, and should a ballot be spoiled or defaced by a voter, it shall not be destroyed, but the clerk shall write the word "Spoiled" on the stub and ballot.

The clerk shall assist the voter, who is laboring under disabilities, in preparing his ballot.

When the polls are closed, the officers of election shall immediately count the vote, announce the same in front of the voting-room, and certify the result.

A voter who desires to vote for some person whose name is not printed on the ticket may do so by writing said name in the appropriate place in black lead pencil mark, and by making a (X) cross in the proper square with a black ink stencil.

Circuit Court reconvened this morning with special Judge Robertson presiding.

JOHN SMITH and C. C. Naylor, Republicans, and H. J. Thomas and R. W. Treber, Democrats, have been recommended for Supervisors of Election in Adams County, Ohio.

THE Madison County fair at Richmond closed Saturday with a cake walk, balloon ascension and a grand exhibition of stock in the arena. Colonel John T. Hughes, of Lexington, won the cake walk over Major A. J. Reed, of Covington.

MR. AND MRS. C. L. ANDERSON, of Washington, left yesterday evening for Terre Haute, Ind., to attend the funeral of Mr. Robert Cooper, of that place, who died Saturday night at 11 o'clock. Deceased was a grandson of Captain Cooper who was well known on the Ohio River years ago.

GOVERNOR BROWN has vetoed the bill relating to the Circuit Courts of Jefferson County. Had the bill become a law, and the Sheriff and Clerk acted under it as they are authorized in its provisions, by indirection, they would have been committing a felony, according to the new Constitution, and forever disqualified from holding office. The distinguished Louisville lawyer who drew the bill now sees it is unconstitutional, and has admitted it in a letter to the Governor.

SPRING hats—Nelson's.

BEST mixed paints at Greenwood's.

TORNADO policies—W. R. Warder, agt.

CHEAPEST wall paper at Greenwood's.

G. S. JUDE, insurance and collection agency.

A. M. CAMPBELL, real-estate, loans and collections.

DULEY & BALDWIN, general insurance, 205 Court street.

BARGAINS in iron and bronze clocks, at Murphy's, the jeweler.

MR. H. P. LEWIS has moved into his new home on Forest avenue.

ADAMS COUNTY Republicans will hold their convention August 20th.

THE Baptists have dedicated a new church at Morehead, Rowan County.

SELLS BROTHERS' circus is coming this way and will show in Maysville September 7th.

THE Paris Milling Company has purchased 80,000 bushels of wheat at 67 to 70 cents.

THE Republicans will hold a convention Court day in September to nominate a county ticket.

GREAT reduction in silver spoons at Murphy's, the jeweler, successor to Hopper & Murphy.

MONROE LEER, of Bourbon, had fifty acres of wheat that averaged forty-three bushels per acre.

THE Weather Bureau announced yesterday that a cool wave will reach this section some time to-day.

I HAVE on hand one thousand feet of the best seamless hose that I wish to close out at cost. R. BISSETT.

FRANCES GREGORY, aged seventy-seven, is in jail at Ironton charged with a criminal assault upon a twelve-year old girl.

DR. C. KACKLEY, who met with a painful accident several days ago, is able to go about some, but has not entirely recovered.

DR. L. G. BARBOUR, who visited Hon. James Barbour and family last week, is a cousin of Mrs. Stevenson, wife of the Democratic nominee for Vice President.

PRESIDENT M. E. INGALLS, of the Big Four and Chesapeake and Ohio systems, returned Friday from an Eastern trip. The roads in his system are all making a good showing, and he is feeling good.

LOUIS J. BESTER, a prominent merchant of Ironton, committed suicide Friday at the College Hill Sanitarium, Cincinnati, by hanging himself. He recently lost his mind, his mania being that his enemies were trying to ruin his business.

THE receipts of the Louisville postoffice for the last fiscal year were \$356,352.46; the total disbursements, \$139,190.15; net profit to the Post-office Department, \$217,162.31. There was an increase of 4.67 per cent. of stamps sales over the preceding year.

THE next term of the Mason County Court will be an important one. In addition to the routine business, the county is to be laid off into Magisterial districts and voting precincts. Under the new law there will be not less than five voting places in Maysville.

HON. JESSE ELLIS and John O'Haran, two of Aberdeen's solid citizens and substantial Democrats, were in this place Tuesday. Mr. O'Haran was settling with the Treasurer, as collector for Huntington Township. Everything tallied to a cent.—Georgetown News-Democrat.

LAST Friday Mrs. Elmira Swift, executrix of Alexander Swift of Cincinnati, paid \$4,501.96 in the United States Court. The amount was for a judgment against her to satisfy the claim of the Government against Samuel McKee, a former pension agent at Louisville. The late Alexander Swift was a surety for McKee.

COMMODORE LAIDLEY, of the White Collar Line, has introduced a new feature to add to the interest in his Sunday excursions to New Richmond. Each patron is given a ticket along with his passage ticket entitling him to a guess on the number of revolutions made by one of the wheels in going a certain distance. The prize is \$5.

MISS ELIZA J. SALLEE, aged sixty, died suddenly, of heart disease, at her home, near Georgetown, Ohio, a few days ago. Deceased was an aunt of Commonwealth's Attorney Sallee and Mr. C. L. Sallee, of this city. The Georgetown News-Democrat says: "Her whole life was religious and exemplary, and she bore her affliction with fortitude. From the character of the disease she anticipated that death might come to her suddenly, as it did, yet she was not afraid to die, and had an unflinching trust that when the dread summons came all would be well with her, and calmly and peacefully she fell asleep."

MORE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Several County Meetings Rendered Necessary in the Various Counties Now On.

At the meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee Saturday, precinct meetings were ordered held next Saturday, July 30, at 2 p. m., to select delegates to a county convention next Monday at 2 p. m., to choose delegates to the Judicial convention at Augusta August 3rd. The county convention next Monday will also nominate a candidate for Coroner.

It was also ordered that precinct meetings be held Saturday, August 13th, at 2 p. m., to select delegates to a county convention August 15th, which will choose delegates to the Appellate convention at Catlettsburg August 18th.

It was further ordered that precinct meetings be held September 3rd, at 2 p. m., to select delegates to a county convention September 5th, which will choose delegates to the Congressional convention at Carlisle September 6th.

CIDER vinegar—Calhoun's.

WINDOW glass all sizes at Greenwood's.

GEO. W. SULSER, law, fire insurance.

HON. JOHN F. HAGER, of Ashland, declines to become a candidate for Appellate Judge.

PISGAH ENCAMPMENT No. 9, I. O. O. F., have work to-night in the Golden Rule and Royal Purple degrees.

THE Adams County News, of West Union, was sold Saturday to H. D. Beyersdorffer, formerly of the Ripley Bazaar.

A new harness-maker arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Graham, of East Sixth street, this morning; weight, nine pounds.

THE river is lower than it has been for a long time. Some of the Pittsburg packets have gone to the bank and the others will soon have to retire.

CHARLES GADDIS, of Murphysville, was in town yesterday when the horse he was driving scared at a street car and in the runaway Gaddis was thrown out of his buggy and considerably bruised.

THE mercury in the thermometers has been climbing higher and higher for several days now. Yesterday it reached 100° in the shade at several places in this city. Parties from Germantown report a temperature of 102° at that point yesterday.

MRS. LUCY GURNEY has removed to Dayton, Ky., where she will reside with her niece, Mrs. Marion Hill. This good woman had made Maysville her home for nearly half a century, and there is regret among her friends that she has taken her departure.

THE Glen Springs correspondent of the Enquirer says: "Miss May Burgess, a lovely girl from Maysville, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Asa Burgess, won a silver spoon with 'Glen Springs' beautifully engraved on it at the German danced by the young folks last Tuesday evening."

It is only a tiny pin, but so exquisite in its workmanship that you turn again to look at it. It is a "lover's knot" in white enamel and gold, with a bit of a diamond in the center of the bow. You can buy it at Ballenger's, and 'twould make your mother, or your sister, or some other fellow's sister happy.

F. W. WEIS, a prominent physician of Louisa, was Saturday acquitted of the charge of willful murder on the ground of self-defense. Owing to the defendant's prominence the case was watched with interest throughout Northeast Kentucky. Thirteen months ago Weis killed James Utters, a drunken stranger, who assaulted him on a train.

A SPECIAL says Hon. D. L. Harding, a life-long Republican, and the only Republican Mayor Fort Wayne, Ind., ever had, has renounced his allegiance to the Republican party and joined the Democratic ranks. Saturday night with his son, Robert, he attended a meeting of the Hendricks Club, and both signed the roll of the club. Mr. Harding was elected Mayor of Fort Wayne in 1889 by a majority of more than 900 over Charles F. Muhler, although the city is 2,000 Democratic. A. A. Putnam, a prominent Republican attorney of Fort Wayne, has also declared himself for Cleveland.

JUDGE HUNT, of Lexington, who was chosen to act as umpire in the controversy between the State and Messrs. Helm & Bruce, as to the fee to be received by the latter for services as attorneys in the water company tax suits, has fixed the amount at \$17,500. Helm & Bruce demanded \$25,000, which Governor Brown thought was excessive. The matter was left to the arbitration of Messrs. R. P. Jacobs and Charles H. Gibson, who failed to agree, and they called in Judge Hunt. The fee awarded by the latter is \$7,500 less than the original claims of the attorneys. Of the amount allowed, \$5,000 has already been paid. This leaves an unpaid balance of \$12,500.

MR. C. T. BROWN is ill with malarial fever.

CONGRESSMAN PAYNTER is at his home in Greenup.

COUNTY CLERK PEARCE is spending a few days at Esculapia.

WANTED, a good cook for a small family. Apply at 216 Court street.

THERE were 131 deaths at Cincinnati during the week ended July 22.

M. J. PAINTER is in custody at Manchester for a murderous assault on John Kaplan.

MR. JOHN P. WALLACE is able to be out again after an illness of several days from malarial fever.

GREENWOOD's paint store has the latest in wall paper, the best mixed paints and the lowest prices on everything.

DR. HALE's Household Ointment is effecting more wonderful cures than any remedy in the world. Ask Power & Reynolds about it.

NICHOLASVILLE is kicking against being rated as a fifth-class city. She claims a population of over 3,000, although Uncle Sam's census places it less than that.

MRS. EMMA D. JANUARY, Mrs. Anna Douglass Fleetwood and Mr. Andrew January, by Mr. A. M. Campbell agent, have sold their three-story business block on Second street to Mr. Charles H. White for \$16,416.40. The property embraces the stores occupied by White, Judd & Co., Miss Lou Powling and Miss Niland.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Mr. John Burns, of Chicago, spent Sunday with friends in this city.

Miss Lizzie Newell is visiting Mrs. J. K. Lloyd, of Yellow Springs, O.

Miss Margaret Finn, of Brooksville, is the guest of the Misses O'Donnell, of Market street.

Misses Nannie and Retta Squires went to Cincinnati yesterday to spend a week with friends.

Mrs. Dr. Barnes, of Nicholasville, is visiting her father, Mr. John D. Roe, of East Second street.

Mr. D. J. Hauss came up from Cincinnati Saturday night and went to Carlisle this morning on business.

Miss Mary Letitia Gibson has returned from a three weeks' visit to Miss Louise Winter, of Springville, Ky.

Miss Fannie Gollenstein returned home yesterday after a sojourn of two months with relatives at Cincinnati.

Mr. Martin Smith, after spending a few days with relatives at his old home, Aberdeen, left yesterday for Louisville.

Mr. H. R. Bierbower, of New York, is in this city and county, seeing our wonderful natural wealth, under the guidance of our townsman, Mr. Jno. C. C. Mayo.—Paintsville Paragraph.

Real Estate Transfers.

John F. Case to Virginia Hampton, a lot in Clifton; consideration, \$100.

Emily Pearce to Margaret C. Pickett, a house and lot on west side of Wall, between Second and Third; consideration \$7,000 cash.

J. K. Reynolds to E. C. Myall, lot No. 9 and part of lot No. 10 in Hord's addition to Maysville; consideration \$50.

City Taxes.

Taxes are now due. A penalty of 5 per cent will be added on all not paid by first day of August.

R. A. COCHRAN, JR., Collector and Treasurer.

County Court.

The last will of Henry Hubbard was admitted to record. Elizabeth B. Hubbard qualified as executrix.

T. C. OREAR, who was the oldest man in Lexington, died Saturday at the age of ninety-seven years.

THE MARKETS.

GROCERIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.	
GREEN COFFEE—# lb.	20 @25
MOLASSES—new crop, # gallon.	50 @60
Golden Syrup.....	35 @40
Sorghum, fancy new.....	35 @40
SUGAR—Yellow, # lb.	4 @ 1/2
Extra C, # lb.	5
A, # lb.	5
Granulated, # lb.	5
Powdered, # lb.	7 1/2
New Orleans, # lb.	5
TEAS—# lb.	50 @1 00
COAL OIL—Headlight, # gallon.	15
BACON—Breakfast, # lb.	12 @13
Clear sides, # lb.	12 @12 1/2
Hams, # lb.	15 @16 1/2
Shoulders, # lb.	10 @12
BEANS—# gallon.	30 @35
BUTTER—# lb.	15 @20
CHICKENS—Each.....	25 @30
EGGS—dozen.....	12 1/2
FLOUR—Limestone, # barrel.	5 75
Old Gold, # barrel.	5 75
Maysville Family, # barrel.	5 00
Mason County, # barrel.	5 00
Royal Patent, # barrel.	5 75
Maysville Family, # barrel.	5 25
Morning Glory, # barrel.	5 00
Roller King, # barrel.	5 75
Magnolia, # barrel.	5 75
Blue Grass, # barrel.	5 00
Graham, # sack.....	15 @20
HONEY—# lb.	10 @15
HOMINY—# gallon.....	20
MEAL—# peck.....	20
LARD—# pound.....	9 @10
ONIONS—# peck.....	40
POTATOES—# peck, new.....	20
APPLES—# peck.....	20 @20

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR CONGRESS—We are authorized to announce THOMAS H. PAYNTER as a candidate for re-election to Congress, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE—We are authorized to announce JAMES F. HARBESON, of Flemingburg, as a candidate for Circuit Judge of the Nineteenth Judicial district, subject to the action of the Democratic party, in convention or otherwise.

FOR COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY—We are authorized to announce JAMES H. SALLEE as a candidate for re-election for Commonwealth's Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial district, composed of the counties of Bracken, Fleming, Greenup, Lewis and Mason, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

WANTED.

\$5 to \$15 per day at home, selling Lightning Plater and plating jewelry, watches, tableware, &c. Plates the finest of jewelry good as new on all kinds of metal with gold, silver or nickel. No experience. No capital. Every house has goods needing plating. H. K. DELNO & CO., Columbus, O.

WE offer agents big money, in exclusive territory. Our new patent safes sell at sight in city or country. New agent first in field actually getting rich. One agent in one day cleared \$86. So can you. Catalogue free. ALPINE SAFE CO., No. 363-371 Clark street, Cincinnati, O.

LADIES who will do writing for me at their homes will make good wages. Apply with self-addressed stamped envelopes. MISS MILDRED MILLER, South Bend, Ind.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two oak bed room sets, dining and center tables, cook stove, carpets, matting, kitchen safe and other household goods. In use but a few months. Apply to W. W. WIKOFF, at C. and O' ticket office. j22dt

FOR SALE—A roan mare five years old; combined saddle and harness. One team draft horse, three years old. Apply to W. F. CHAPPELL, 413 Forest avenue, Fifth ward. wt

ALL KINDS OF---
AT
THOMAS J.
CHENOWETH'S DRUG STORE.

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SOLE AGENTS FOR
THE CELEBRATED JOHN VAN RANGES.

FRICK SHOT DOWN.

Continued From First Page.

farmer. He is a member of one of the oldest families of Greene county and is related to many of the most prominent people of the county. Opinion is divided as to the punishment, and many of the officers of the guard think it is too severe. Some of them say that hanging up by the thumbs is not permitted by the regulations nor is the shaving of the head. As General Snowden approved the finding of the court martial they refuse to give their views publicly.

THE "BROTHER-IN-LAW."

Details of a Plot to Defraud the Chicago Street Railway Company.

CHICAGO, July 25.—An extensive conspiracy to defraud the Chicago City Railway company has been discovered and the investigations as far as they have gone have revealed desperate schemes involving burglary, highway robbery and systematic robbery on a lesser scale.

Four men have been arrested for implication in the conspiracy and await a hearing this morning. Friday night W. H. Farrar, a Wabash Avenue line conductor; W. B. Sherwood, a machinist, of 234 Madison street, and Bert Darnell, who lives at Bowen and St. Lawrence avenues, were arrested by Central station officers and were taken before Justice Everett charged with conspiracy.

Sherwood is said to be the maker of a bogus register known as the "brother-in-law," and was caught in a saloon while in the act of disposing of one of them to a street car employee. His terms were \$2 down and fifty cents a day royalty.

The complaints were signed by an inspector employed by the Chicago City Railway company. For several months, it is alleged, Farrar has been suspected of using a fraudulent register of the "brother-in-law" type. Officers of the company watched him and declare that they found that he was mixed up with the others of the gang.

Last Sunday a register was stolen from the company's office at Thirty-ninth street and Cottage Grove avenue and after a thorough search, it is said, the detectives found it in Darnell's room concealed in a jar of flowers.

The officers also learned that four men had been contriving a plot to waylay and rob the two men who convey the receipts of Saturday's and Sunday's business from Thirty-ninth street to 2020 State street, but had been afraid to put it into execution, fearing that they were shadowed.

The detectives further assert that the four men plotted to create a disturbance on State street, Sunday morning, and while the excitement was at its height, one of the men was to sneak into the room where the registers are kept and steal one. The office, it is said, was found open and unguarded when they went to carry out their ruse, and one of the cash punches was got without difficulty.

The loss of this register caused the company's detectives to redouble their efforts to unravel the crookedness they suspected, and the alleged arrest followed.

The matter has been kept very quiet. Darnell gave bond in the sum of \$500 and Sherwood was taken to the county jail in default of bail. The police are looking for J. E. Hoyer and another suspect named Scott.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Plans for the Entertainment of the Coming Event in Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Plans for the entertainment of the thousands of G. A. R. visitors who are expected in Washington at the national encampment in September, are now under consideration by the executive committee. This entertainment, it should be understood, includes only bed and shelter for these veterans and G. A. R. posts who do not for themselves arrange these matters. The committee estimate that there will be 60,000 of this class of visitors to entertain, and that a fund of not less than \$150,000 will be necessary to carry their plans into execution.

In the first place all the public school buildings will be used. In addition the committee will lease any large buildings where favorable terms can be made. But the large proportion of the free quarters will have to be in buildings especially erected by the committee. On the grounds of the Washington monument temporary buildings are to be erected. These structures will be sixty-four feet wide and 500 feet long, and will each have sleeping accommodations for 3,600 men. It is proposed to have twelve of these buildings, which will afford accommodation for over 43,000.

In the immediate vicinity of these quarters arrangements will be made for the erection of large dining halls where meals can be served at stipulated figures. In fact, all through the city in the vicinity of the school buildings and of other buildings where large bodies of men are quartered, some provision must be made for supplying the men with meals. Of course the committee will not pay for the meals, as the visitors will assume that part of the expense. The committee will supply buildings and cots free of cost and the visitors will furnish their own subsistence.

The citizens' committee is going to care for the veterans alone. There will be no arrangements for women occupying the free quarters. A great many of the old soldiers will want to bring their wives with them, and a special committee of which Miss Clara Barton, president of the American Red Cross association, is chairman, and Miss Cora C. Curry is secretary, is making arrangements to secure quarters for the ladies. A large proportion will come as members of the various organizations composed of patriotic women.

Vanderbilt's Yacht Run Down.

HYANNIS, Mass., July 25.—While at anchor in the fog on Nantucket shoals Sunday morning, W. K. Vanderbilt's yacht Alva was run into by the steamer H. F. Dimock and sunk. All on board the Alva, including W. K. Vanderbilt and party, were saved and taken on board the Dimock. They will proceed in her to Boston as soon as the fog lifts.

THE LAST WEEK.

Still Congress May Not Adjourn.

BUT IT IS THOUGHT SO.

The Anti-Option Bill Pending in the Senate May Cause Another Week to Be Added to the First Session of the Fifty-Second Congress—Probable Program.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—This will probably be the last week of congress if definite action is taken on the sundry civil and general deficiency appropriation bills. It is idle to predict the fate of these measures, which is enveloped in doubt. In the house today the conferees on the sundry civil bill will submit their report and a vote may be taken on the items in dispute, including the vexed senate amendment relating to the Columbian exposition.

It is possible, however, that consideration will be postponed until Tuesday in order that the resolutions reported from the special committee on the pension office investigation may be taken up. These will occasion a long debate, as the Republicans intend to resort to filibustering tactics to prevent the adoption of any resolution regarding the dismissal of Commissioner Raum. After this matter and the appropriation bills are disposed of the remainder of the week will be accorded to the various committees to call up for one hour each the measures reported on the calendar, subject only to conference reports. It is not among improbabilities that congress will adjourn without voting an appropriation to the exposition. The opposition to it in the house is well organized for a prolonged fight.

Mr. George, of Mississippi, who ranks next to Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, and Mr. Call, of Florida, in fecundity of words, once he gets started, announced just before the senate adjourned Saturday that he felt it his duty to address the senate at length on this subject; and Mr. George is in favor of anti-option, though dead against the bill which Mr. Washburn champions. He stated openly that the Washburn bill is unconstitutional, and he and Mr. Pugh, of Alabama, and Mr. Coke, of Texas, all counted among the friends of the anti-option bill—propose to substitute a measure which aims at the same end by entirely different means.

These and other difficulties lying on the surface seem to indicate a strong probability that the Washburn bill can not be passed this session. The voting strength which enables the Minnesota senator to obtain consideration at will, for an anti-option bill is made up of supporters of half a dozen different widely diverging schemes for reaching the end proposed.

At present there seems small likelihood of unifying them upon any one composite measure in time for it to be sent over to the house for concurrence. Another week of hard work may possibly dispose of both the deficiency and the sundry civil bill, though there are grave questions in dispute between the two houses on both measures which involve many millions of dollars.

The senate conferees would have asked permission to enter into a third and probably a final conference on the deficiency bill Saturday afternoon, but discovered, while Mr. Allison had the motion pending, that the parliamentary condition required the house to make the first move, and the house had adjourned without doing so. If this bill and the sundry civil bill which includes the world's fair project, should be put into such shape as to permit an agreement upon them, without any great backdown by either branch of congress by the end of the week such a movement for adjournment will be started that Mr. Washburn will find it difficult to hold the senate in session longer than a day or two further on his anti-option bill, and may be forced to submit to a postponement of action until December.

Desirable Home

FOR SALE.

The residence of the late Judge R. H. Stanton, in the Fifth ward, Maysville, now occupied by the family of C. L. Stanton. The place, which consists of SIX LOTS and a FRICK DWELLING of eleven large and well-ventilated rooms is on the bank of the Ohio River, with a frontage on Second street, and is one of the most desirable and comfortable houses in the city. There are also on the place an abundance of Fruit, Flowers, Garden and Shade trees. For terms and further particulars, apply to G. S. JUDD, Agent.

LAND FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale EIGHTY ACRES of land, situated on the Taylor's Mill turnpike and K. C. railroad at Summit Station, three and one-half miles from Maysville—one of the best markets in the State. Said land is No. 1 in quality—none better in the county—well watered, can be divided to suit purchasers, four passenger trains daily, five minutes ride to Maysville, good neighborhood. Anyone desiring a good location will do well to call on the undersigned at the home of the late Sinclair Dimmitt. If not sold privately will be sold to the highest bidder JULY 30, 1892. One-third cash, balance in one and two years; 6 per cent. interest on deferred payments. A lien on the land will be retained.

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Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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Because of the uncertainties of the season, but then HENRY ORT says that the things must go, and when HENRY ORT gives the word, trade must move. There is no denying this, so HENRY ORT proposes

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The time for holding the meeting on these well-improved and beautiful grounds will be from

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Eminent clergymen will be present, men of learning and popular talent. Among these will be Rev. Lewis Curtis, D. D. of Chicago, a man of National fame and great ability. Rev. D. Lee Aultman, of Cincinnati, Assistant Secretary of the Southern Educational Society. All the Ministers of the district are expected to be present. The Children's Chapel will be in charge of Rev. J. M. Taubee of Covington. Professor W. G. Bloom and J. Harry Richardson will have charge of the music, assisted by a splendid choir.

The privileges have all been let to responsible persons. W. H. Hamrick, Hotel; Walsh & Woods, Confectionery; E. H. Bryant, stable; John L. Plummer, Baggage and Barber Shop. Omnibuses connecting with boats and trains, under the control of Barbour & Pollitt, will make two trips daily, morning and evening, to and from Maysville; fare 50 cents. Admission 10 cents. Any one too poor to pay will be admitted free. Rev. Amos Boring, Presiding Elder, will have charge of the services. Captain James Heflin and W. B. Dawson, of Maysville, will see that good order is maintained.

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Get the best. You will save money by doing so. The JEWEL GAS STOVES (Heating and Cooking) are made of the best material and are unequalled. Honesty and ingenuity are combined in their construction. Try one. For sale by J. J. FITZGERALD, The Sanitary Plumber and Steam and Gas Fitter.

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